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# HETEROGENEOUS DISTRIBUTED QUERY PROCESSING--

#### THE DAVID SYSTEM

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#### **ABSTRACT**

The objective of the Distributed Access View Integrated Database (DAVID) project is the development of an easy—to—use computer system with which NASA scientists, engineers and administrators can uniformly access distributed heterogeneous databases. Basically, DAVID will be a database management system that sits alongside already existing database and file management systems. Its function is to enable users to access the data in the other database and file systems without having to learn the different data manipulation languages.

The scope of this talk will concentrate on the DAVID system and several related issues. First, we describe the problems caused by the diversity of database types and implementations. Second, we discuss two solutions to the problem—— standardization and uniformization. Third, we consider the benefits of the recently developed uniform called "database logic." Fourth, we describe the DAVID system which uses database logic as its framework. Fifth, we outline the status of the development of the DAVID

system.

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# THE DAVID SYSTEM

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# THE PROBLEM

# THERE ARE MANY WAYS FOR A SCIENTIST TO STORE DATA IN A DATABASE:

file approach --- VMS, DOS, UNIX, ... relational approach --- Oracle, Ingres, dBase II, ... hierarchical approach --- IMS, RAMIS, ... network approach --- DEC-CODASYL, DMS/1100, ...

#### THIS ABUNDANCE HAS RESULTED IN THE FOLLOWING:

- A NASA SCIENTIST HAS TO LEARN MANY DIFFERENT ACCESS METHODS IN ORDER TO OBTAIN DATA.
- THE DIVERSITY OF TYPES OF DATABASES RESULTS IN AN EXPLOSIVE REPETITION OF DATA AND DATABASES.
- THE DATABASE PROFESSIONAL HAS TO LEARN MANY DIFFERENT TERMINOLOGIES IN ORDER TO READ THE LITERATURE.

# OUTLINE OF TALK

- 1. THE PROBLEM CAUSED BY THE DIVERSITY OF DATABASE TYPES.
- 2. STANDARDIZATION VERSUS UNIFORMIZATION
- 3. DATABASE LOGIC AS A UNIFORM
- 4. THE DAVID SYSTEM
- 5. DAVID SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

# STANDARDIZATION VS. UNIFORMIZATION

#### **STANDARDIZATION**

- o IS AN "A PRIORI" MEANS USED TO ESTABLISH COMMONALITY.
- NEW DATABASES ARE SUBSEQUENTLY BUILT ACCORDING TO THESE "STANDARDS".
- CANNOT HELP IN THE CASE OF ALREADY EXISTING DATABASES NOT ADHEARING TO THE STANDARD.

#### UNIFORMIZATION

- o IS AN "A POSTERIORI" MEANS TO ESTABLISH COMMONALITY.
- PERMITS DATABASE CONSTRUCTION WITHOUT CONSTRAINT ON THE USER.
- o CAN HELP IN THE CASE OF ALREADY EXISTING DATABASES.

# THE RELATIONAL APPROACH

#### **DATABASES**

TAPEINFO							
NOTAPE	TAPETYPE	TITLE1	TITLE2	TITLE3			
1003	SDT	NIMBUS6	вч	DATA			
1004	SDT	NIMBUS6	BY	DATA			

FILEINFO						
PB	FILE	NOTAPE				
17400.0	2	1003				
17401.0	3	1003				
17457.0	2	1004				
17459.0	3	1004				

RECINFO											
DATE	TIME	LON	LAT	ALT	ZEN	PB	QUALITY	ELECTR	ILLUMIN	CALIB	SCAN
790103	124549	158.57	-1.00	1112.50	153.63	17400.0	0	ON	NIGHT	NO	OFF
790105	145629	25.90	-0.96	1112.30	153.97	17459.0	0	ON	NIGHT	NO	OFF
790117	110204	2.75	10.43	1105.00	34.11	17457.0	0	ON	NIGHT	NO	OFF
790107	105349	4.82	10.84	1103.00	35.59	17401.0	8	OFF	DAY	YES	ON

### **QUERIES ON DATABASES**

```
select (t.tapetype, t.title1, t.title2, t.title3) as result
from tapeinfo t,
    fileinfo f,
    recinfo r
where t.notape = f.notape
and f.pb = r.pb
and r.zen = 153.63
and r.calib = 'NO'
```

# ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY

# THE DATABASE LOGIC APPROACH

#### DATABASES

				R'	TAPE				
NOTAPE	TAPETYPE	PLAYBACK						RTITLE	
		PB	NOFILE	CATALOG					TITLE
				LON QUALITY	LAT ELECTR	ALT	ZEN  CALIB	TIME1 SCAN	
1010	010 SDT e(PLAYBACK):1					1	<del></del>	·	e(RTITLE):1
		81261.4	4	e(CATALOG):1					NIMBUS6
				-133.69	-55.62 ON	1123.70 TWILIGHT	98.71   NO	012076 OFF	
				-134.25 1	-56.47 ON	1123.90 TWILIGHT	97.82 NO	012109 OFF	DATA
2010 SDT			e(RTITLE):2						
		81261.0	3	e(CATALOG):2					NIMBUS7
				155.04	-80.07 ON	1126.80 C	66.65 NO	021349 OFF	BY DATA

FUNCTIONS

NOTAPE	TITLE1	TITLE2	TITLE3
1010	NIMBUS6	BY	DATA
2010	NIMBUS7	BY	DATA

### **QUERIES ON DATABASES**

select (rpc.tapetype, f.title1, f.title2, f.title3) as result
from rtape-playback-catalogue rpc,
 functions f
where rpc.notape = f.notape
 and f.pb = r.pb
 and rpc.zencalib = '153.63'||'NO'

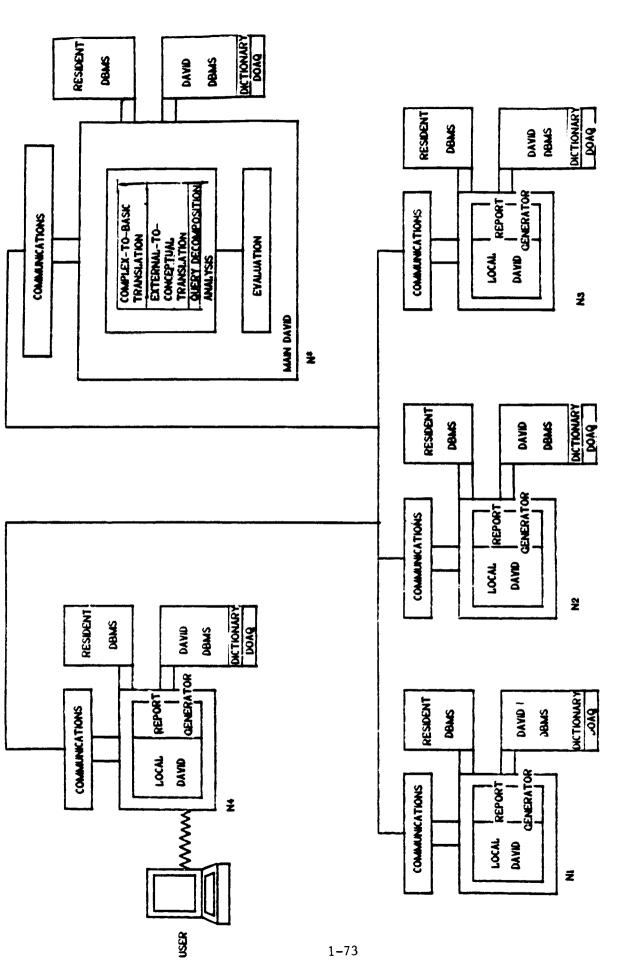
# DATABASE LOGIC AS A UNIFORM

1. DATABASE LOGIC IS A THEORETICAL FOUNDATION FOR THE STUDY OF DATABASE ISSUES:

First-Order logic is to the Relational Case
as

Database logic is to the Heterogeneous Case
(Relational, Hierarchical and Network)

- 2. DATABASE LOGIC HAS BEEN APPLIED TO A NUMBER OF FUNDAMENTAL DATABASE ISSUES:
  - external-to-conceptual mapping,
  - view update,
  - view integration,
  - database conversion,
  - automatic program conversion, and
  - external axiomatization.
- 3. DATABASE LOGIC SERVES AS THE FOUNDATION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF A SYSTEM FOR ACCESSING HETEROGENEOUS DISTRIBUTED DATABASES.
- 4. DATABASE LOGIC SERVES AS THE BASIS FOR BUILDING EXPERT SYSTEMS ON TOP OF ALREADY EXISTING DATABASES AND EXPERT SYSTEMS.



THE DISTRIBUTED ACCESS
VIEW INTEGRATED DATABASE
(DAVID)
SYSTEM

# DAVID DEVELOPMENT:

## **MILESTONES**

MILESTONE A. (Summer 1985)

Build a demonstration system using the following environment:

VAX under VMS using an ORACLE DBMS SUN under UNIX using a DAVID network DBMS PC under DOS 2.0 using a dBASE II DBMS MACINTOSH under Mac OS

MILESTONE B. (Summer 1987)

Build a demonstration system using several of NASA's real systems at:

GSFC, ARC, GISS, JPL, NSTL

# DAVID DEVELOPMENT: THE LOCAL DAVID.

Ashok Agrawala, University of Maryland Michael Anshel, City University of New York Joseph Aulino, USAF Kenneth Baum, USAF Jeanne Behnke, Johns Hopkins University Nancy Broderick, University of Maryland Isadore Brodsky, University of Puerto Rico Dehe Cao, Beijing Polytechnic University Upen S. Chakravarthy, University of Maryland Liang Fang, University of Maryland Adel Gharib, University of Maryland John Grant, Towson State University Kim Haynes, TRW Inc. Hsiao-Fang Hu, University of Maryland Kyu-Hyun Hwang, SAR Corp. Barry E. Jacobs, NASA Thomas E. Jacobs, University of Maryland Elizabeth Nichols, Digital Analysis Corporation Joseph Nichols, Digital Analysis Corporation Surrendra Ray, SAR Corp. Ira Sack, Stevens Institute of Technology Michael Shapiro, Bell Labs Duc Tran, Digital Analysis Corporation Satish Trapathi, University of Maryland Cynthia A. Walczak, NIH Jack Welch, The Catholic University of America

# DAVID DEVELOPMENT: PROPOSED DAVID INTERFACES

CENTER	PROPOSED TESTBED	UNIVERSITY
ARC	PLDS, LAS	C.U.N.Y.
GSFC	PCDMS, PLDS, LAS	U of Maryland Catholic University
GISS	ISCCP	C.U.N.Y.
JPL	PODS, PLDS, PPDS, LAS	U of Southern California
NSTL	PLDS, EOS	Louisiana State University
<b>JSC</b>	TBD	U of Houston Louisiana State University
LeRC	TBD	U of Toledo
MSFC	TBD	U of Alabama
LaRC	TBD	Old Dominion University

# **SUMMARY**

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